

Ryan Troy, Kailin Xu, Taieb Bennani, Karishma Sewaramani

Dana-Farber Cancer Institute

Dana-Farber Cancer Institute is an academic medical research center dedicated to advancing the understanding, diagnosis, treatment, cure, and prevention of cancer and related diseases. Based in Boston, Massachusetts, Dana-Farber is one of the leading cancer hospitals in the world and has made significant contributions to oncology since its founding in 1947.

Project Scope & Problem definition

The **Quality and Patient Safety department** at Dana-Farber Cancer Institute is executing arduous, repetitive work going through high volumes of medical and operation data to gain critical insights to improve patient outcomes. This work is occurring within each of its four departments and they **see an opportunity to leverage Large Language Models and Generative AI**. They are seeking strategic clarity regarding how AI can reduce the administrative burden and provide better patient outcomes. They are also looking to understand how to evaluate AI use cases and what to consider with governance.

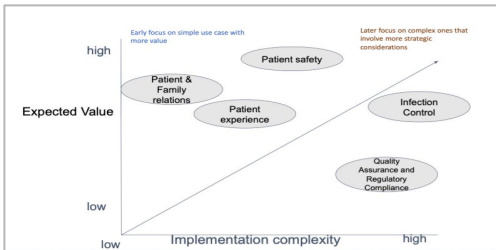
Finding Summary

Department	Use Case Summary	Organizational Value
Patient and Family Relations	The department must review a volume of patient feedback from letters, emails, and surveys and select the most representative comments to respond. AI could be used to select the appropriate templates and generate a response.	Increase operational efficiency and reduce overhead costs.
Patient Experience and Equity	The team is challenged with identifying certain equity disparities across its patient population. AI can be used to analyze medical records and compare data (and summarize insights by demographic categories (race, gender, geography, etc.)	Insights that enable Dana-Farber to develop proactive equity plans to improve patient experience and provide more equitable care.
Patient Safety	The Patient Safety team must quickly respond to safety events and identify significant near and/or adverse and/or clinical events. AI can be used to automate event classification, generate safety events, and surface the related policies and procedures.	Improved policies and procedures to minimize risk. Increased transparency into reviewing data and more time focused on proactive measures.
Quality Assurance and Regulatory Compliance	The QAC & Compliance team must review a large volume of patient safety events. Departmental data is typically gathered from EHR, Patient Safety and used to generate reports. Departmental data has not been leveraged to generate insights that will be gained by organizations.	Reduced administrative burden and automated insights for risk and compliance and continuous monitoring of performance.
Infection Control	The Infection Control department is tasked with monitoring, detecting, and responding to the spread of infectious diseases. AI can detect patterns of infectious diseases and spread by analyzing data from the CDC, Epic and tracking devices.	Reduction in the spread of infectious diseases thus preventing with a direct costs associated with care.

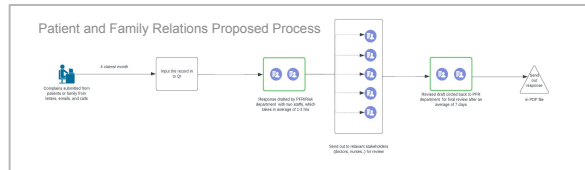
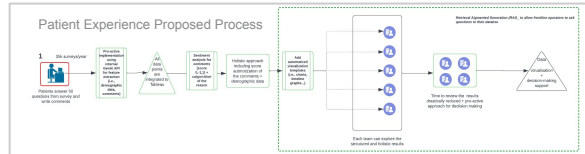
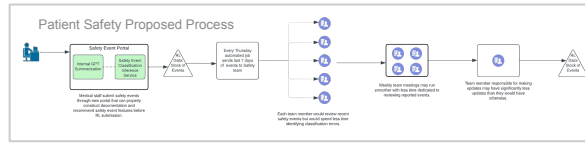
AI Usage and Concerns

- Protecting patient privacy
- AI for human augmentation, not autonomous decision making
- AI diverting attention away from critical insights
- Interpreting what they are seeing and how to validate it is true
- Technical resources to properly build and maintain AI models
- All want eager to leverage AI
- Conservative adoption is preferred to mass rollout
- Wants constant human validation

Priority Analysis



Recommendations for Priority Cases



Product UI Sample

